Clinical Policy: Naldemedine (Symproic)

Reference Number: CP.PMN.112
Effective Date: 05.01.17
Last Review Date: 11.20
Line of Business: Commercial, Medicaid

Revision Log

See Important Reminder at the end of this policy for important regulatory and legal information.

Description

Naldemedine (Symproic®) is an opioid antagonist. Naldemedine functions as a peripherally-acting mu-opioid receptor antagonist in tissues such as the gastrointestinal tract, thereby decreasing the constipating effects of opioids.

FDA Approved Indication(s)

Symproic is indicated for the treatment of opioid-induced constipation (OIC) in adult patients with chronic non-cancer pain, including patients with chronic pain related to prior cancer or its treatment who do not require frequent (e.g., weekly) opioid dosage escalation.

Policy/Criteria

Provider must submit documentation (such as office chart notes, lab results or other clinical information) supporting that member has met all approval criteria.

It is the policy of health plans affiliated with Centene Corporation® that Symproic is **medically necessary** when the following criteria are met:

I. Initial Approval Criteria

A. Opioid-Induced Constipation (must meet all)**:**

1. Diagnosis of OIC;
2. Age ≥ 18 years;
3. Member has been taking opioid(s) for ≥ 4 weeks due to chronic pain not caused by active cancer;
4. Failure of one agent from each of the following classes while on opioid therapy, unless clinically significant adverse effects are experienced or all are contraindicated (a, b, and c):
   a. Stimulant laxative (e.g., bisacodyl, senna);
   b. Osmotic laxative (e.g., lactulose, polyethylene glycol);
   c. Stool softener (e.g., docusate);
5. Member has used one of the aforementioned agents in the past 30 days, unless contraindicated;
6. Dose does not exceed 0.2 mg (1 tablet) per day.

Approval duration: 6 months

B. Other diagnoses/indications

1. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.CPA.09 for commercial and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

II. Continued Therapy

A. Opioid-Induced Constipation (must meet all)**:**

1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit or member has previously met initial approval criteria;
2. Member continues to receive opioid therapy;
3. Member is responding positively to therapy;
4. If request is for a dose increase, new dose does not exceed 0.2 mg (1 tablet) per day.

Approval duration: 12 months

B. Other diagnoses/indications (must meet 1 or 2)**:**

1. Currently receiving medication via Centene benefit and documentation supports positive response to therapy.
   Approval duration: Duration of request or 12 months (whichever is less); or
2. Refer to the off-label use policy for the relevant line of business if diagnosis is NOT specifically listed under section III (Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized): CP.CPA.09 for commercial and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid.

III. Diagnoses/Indications for which coverage is NOT authorized:

A. Non-FDA approved indications, which are not addressed in this policy, unless there is sufficient documentation of efficacy and safety according to the off label use policies – CP.CPA.09 for commercial and CP.PMN.53 for Medicaid, or evidence of coverage documents.

IV. Appendices/General Information

Appendix A: Abbreviation/Acronym Key
FDA: Food and Drug Administration
OIC: opioid-induced constipation

Appendix B: Therapeutic Alternatives
This table provides a listing of preferred alternative therapy recommended in the approval criteria. The drugs listed here may not be a formulary agent for all relevant lines of business and may require prior authorization.

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
bisacodyl (Dulcolax®)	Oral: 5 to 15 mg QD Rectal: Enema, suppository: 10 mg (1 enema or suppository) QD	15 mg/day PO; 10 mg/day rectally
senna (Senokot®)	1 to 2 tablets (8.6 to 17.2 mg sennosides) PO BID	8 tablets (68.8 mg sennosides)/day

Drug Name	Dosing Regimen	Dose Limit/ Maximum Dose
lactulose	10 to 20 g (15 to 30 mL or 1 to 2 packets) PO QD; may increase to 40 g (60 mL or 2 to 4 packets) PO QD if necessary	60 mL or 2 to 4 packets/day
polyethylene glycol 3350 (MiraLax®)	17 g (approximately 1 heaping tablespoon) of powder in 120 to 240 mL of fluid given PO QD	34 g/day
docusate sodium (Colace®)	50-300 mg/day PO given in single or divided doses	360 mg/day

Therapeutic alternatives are listed as Brand name® (generic) when the drug is available by brand name only and generic (Brand name®) when the drug is available by both brand and generic.

Appendix C: Contraindications/Boxed Warnings

- Contraindication(s): patients with known or suspected gastrointestinal obstruction or at increased risk of recurrent obstruction, patients with a history of a hypersensitivity reaction to naldemedine
- Boxed warning(s): none reported

V. Dosage and Administration

Indication	Dosing Regimen	Maximum Dose
OIC	0.2 mg PO QD with or without food	0.2 mg /day

VI. Product Availability

Tablet: 0.2 mg

VII. References

1. Symproic Prescribing Information. Florham Park, NJ: Shionogi Inc.; April 2019. Available at: https://www.symproic.com/hcp/. Accessed June 30, 2020.
2. Kumar L, Barker C, Emmanuel A. Opioid-Induced Constipation: Pathophysiology, Clinical Consequences, and Management. *Gastroenterology Research and Practice*. 2014; 1417-37. doi:10.1155/2014/141737.
3. Argoff CE, Brennan MJ, Camilleri M, et al. Consensus Recommendations on Initiating Prescription Therapies for Opioid-Induced Constipation. *Pain Med*. 2015;16(12):2324-37.
4. Pergolizzi JV, Raffa RB, Pappagallo M, et al. Peripherally acting μ-opioid receptor antagonists as treatment options for constipation in noncancer pain patients on chronic opioid therapy. *Patient preference and adherence*. 2017;11:107-119. doi:10.2147/PPA.S78042.
5. Nelson AD, Camilleri M. Chronic opioid induced constipation in patients with nonmalignant pain: challenges and opportunities. *Therap Adv Gastroenterol*. 2015;8(4):206-20.
6. Nelson AD, Camilleri M. Opioid-induced constipation: advances and clinical guidance. *Ther Adv Chronic Dis*. 2016; 7(2): 121–134.
7. Clinical Pharmacology [database online]. Tampa, FL: Gold Standard, Inc.; 2020. Available at: http://www.clinicalpharmacology-ip.com/.
8. Camilleri M, Lembo A, Katzka DA. Opioids in Gastroenterology: Treating Adverse Effects and Creating Therapeutic Benefits. *Clin Gastroenterol Hepatol*. 2017;15(9):1338-1349.

9. Crockett SD, Greer KB, Heidelbaugh JJ, et al. American Gastroenterological Association Institute Guidelines on the Medical Management of Opioid-Induced Constipation. *Gastroenterol*. 2019;156:218-226.

Reviews, Revisions, and Approvals	Date	P&T Approval Date
Policy created	04.17	05.17
2Q 2018 annual review: no significant changes; added age requirement; provided clarification of OIC indication based on updated FDA labeling.	04.26.18	05.18
4Q 2018 annual review: no significant changes from previously approved corporate policy; references reviewed and updated.	07.20.18	11.18
4Q 2019 annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and updated.	08.06.19	11.19
4Q 2020 annual review: no significant changes; references reviewed and updated.	06.30.20	11.20

Important Reminder

This clinical policy has been developed by appropriately experienced and licensed health care professionals based on a review and consideration of currently available generally accepted standards of medical practice; peer-reviewed medical literature; government agency/program approval status; evidence-based guidelines and positions of leading national health professional organizations; views of physicians practicing in relevant clinical areas affected by this clinical policy; and other available clinical information. The Health Plan makes no representations and accepts no liability with respect to the content of any external information used or relied upon in developing this clinical policy. This clinical policy is consistent with standards of medical practice current at the time that this clinical policy was approved. "Health Plan" means a health plan that has adopted this clinical policy and that is operated or administered, in whole or in part, by Centene Management Company, LLC, or any of such health plan's affiliates, as applicable.

The purpose of this clinical policy is to provide a guide to medical necessity, which is a component of the guidelines used to assist in making coverage decisions and administering benefits. It does not constitute a contract or guarantee regarding payment or results. Coverage decisions and the administration of benefits are subject to all terms, conditions, exclusions and limitations of the coverage documents (e.g., evidence of coverage, certificate of coverage, policy, contract of insurance, etc.), as well as to state and federal requirements and applicable Health Plan-level administrative policies and procedures.

This clinical policy is effective as of the date determined by the Health Plan. The date of posting may not be the effective date of this clinical policy. This clinical policy may be subject to applicable legal and regulatory requirements relating to provider notification. If there is a discrepancy between the effective date of this clinical policy and any applicable legal or regulatory requirement, the requirements of law and regulation shall govern. The Health Plan

retains the right to change, amend or withdraw this clinical policy, and additional clinical policies may be developed and adopted as needed, at any time.

This clinical policy does not constitute medical advice, medical treatment or medical care. It is not intended to dictate to providers how to practice medicine. Providers are expected to exercise professional medical judgment in providing the most appropriate care, and are solely responsible for the medical advice and treatment of members. This clinical policy is not intended to recommend treatment for members. Members should consult with their treating physician in connection with diagnosis and treatment decisions.

Providers referred to in this clinical policy are independent contractors who exercise independent judgment and over whom the Health Plan has no control or right of control. Providers are not agents or employees of the Health Plan.

This clinical policy is the property of the Health Plan. Unauthorized copying, use, and distribution of this clinical policy or any information contained herein are strictly prohibited. Providers, members and their representatives are bound to the terms and conditions expressed herein through the terms of their contracts. Where no such contract exists, providers, members and their representatives agree to be bound by such terms and conditions by providing services to members and/or submitting claims for payment for such services.

Note:
For Medicaid members, when state Medicaid coverage provisions conflict with the coverage provisions in this clinical policy, state Medicaid coverage provisions take precedence. Please refer to the state Medicaid manual for any coverage provisions pertaining to this clinical policy.